Name:			







ROAD TRIP

Multiplying and Dividing Decimals

Performance Task Objectives

- Multiply a whole number by a decimal
- Divide decimals by whole numbers

Materials

- Student recording sheet
- Paper and pencil
- Calculator
- Internet Access

<u>Task</u>

Student will go on a road trip in a car of their choice (3 choices) and stop at 5 different locations where they will fill up their tank with gas. They will determine the cost of the road trip in each car

Directions:

Use the example below to help you solve this problem.

The distance from Blue Bell, PA to Orlando Florida is 997.6 miles. The table below shows the average number of miles per gallon for 4 unferent cars.

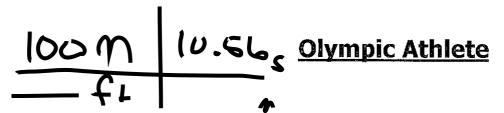
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CAR	MILES PER GALLON	
Saturn	24	
Corvette	22	
Mustang	28	
Jeep	21	

- 1. Suppose you had to make the trip from Blue Bell, PA using one of the cars from the chart. Assume gasoline in Blue Bell costs \$2.69 a gallon.
- 2. Select 3 cars you would like to drive on your trip. Research the miles per gallon that the car gets on the HIGHWAY. Find the total number of gallons of gasoline needed to drive the car from Blue Bell PA, to 4 more locations. Show your work. Use your calculator to check your answers.
- 3. Print out a map to show the locations of the cities to which you traveled.
- 4. Calculate the total cost of the trip with all 3 cars and determine which car you would use to make the trip.

Name:	

Math Challenge: Unit 6



Select your favorite Olympic athlete such as Lindsey Vonn, Michael Phelps, or Apolo Ohno. Using the school library or the internet, research your athlete's records in at **least 5 different competitions.** Represent the data you collect in terms of time and distance and show the date in **2 different forms.** You also need to convert the measurement used to complete the race into **two different lengths of measurement**. Interpret your collection is a **two paragraph summary.** What factors do you think affect your athlete's times? Share your research results and representations with the class.

Notetaking

Name:	

A Generic Rubric in Creating Multimedia Presentation

	4	3	2	T 1
Criteria	(Very good)	(Good)	(Fair)	(Poor)
Appropriateness	The content of	1-20% of the	21-40% of the	41% or above
	the	presentation	presentation	of the content
	presentation is	content is not	content is not	presentation is
	appropriate to	appropriate to	appropriate to	not appropriate
	the specific	the specific	the specific	to the specific
	topic and	topic and	topic and	topic and
	viewers.	viewers.	viewers.	viewers.
Creativity	The	1371712	The	The
	presentation	presentation	presentation is	presentation
	shows the	shows	over in design	has no design
	calmness and	moderately	and correct	and
	effectiveness of	calmness and	color	entertainment.
	the design,	effectiveness of	combination is	
	entertainment	the design,	not executed.	
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Organization	All the	Only 80-99% of	Only 60-79% of	Only 60% or
	contents,	the contents,	the contents,	below of the
	design etc. are	design etc. are	design etc. are	design etc. are
	organized	organized	organized	organized
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Information/	Information/	Information/	Information/	Some
Content	content of the	content of the	content	information/
**************************************	presentation	presentation	presented are	content are
	are excellent	are generally	thin but does	presented but
	and clear.	supports	relate to	is not always
7		revolutionary	revolutionary	relevant.
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